Advanced* Bladder Cancer

PADCEV®
Patient Symptom Tracker

A guide to staying informed on potential side effects

*Cancer that has spread or cannot be removed by surgery.

You play an active role in your treatment journey. As you begin treatment with PADCEV alone, or in combination with pembrolizumab (also known as Keytruda®), it is important to learn about potential side effects and pay close attention to any changes in your body.

Use this resource to keep track of potential side effects and to help guide conversations with your healthcare team.

It is important to immediately tell your healthcare team about any new or worsening symptoms or side effects. If you experience any new symptoms, or if existing symptoms worsen, do not try to manage them on your own. Your healthcare team will work with you to treat them.

WHAT IS PADCEV?

PADCEV is a prescription medicine used to treat adults with bladder cancer and cancers of the urinary tract (renal pelvis, ureter, or urethra).

- PADCEV may be used with pembrolizumab or pembrolizumab and berahyaluronidase alfa-pmph when your bladder or urinary tract cancer has spread or cannot be removed by surgery (locally advanced or metastatic).
- PADCEV may be used alone when your bladder or urinary tract cancer has spread or cannot be removed by surgery (locally advanced or metastatic) if you:
  - have received PD-1 or PD-L1 immunotherapy medicine **and** chemotherapy that contains platinum, **or**
  - are not able to receive a chemotherapy that contains cisplatin **and** you have received 1 or more prior therapies.

It is not known if PADCEV is safe and effective in children.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about PADCEV?
PADCEV may cause serious side effects, including:

Skin reactions. Skin reactions including severe skin reactions have happened in people treated with PADCEV and may be more common when PADCEV is given with pembrolizumab. In some cases, these severe skin reactions have caused death. Most severe skin reactions occurred during the first cycle of treatment but may happen later. Your healthcare provider will monitor you, may stop your treatment with PADCEV completely or for a period of time (temporarily), may change your dose, and may prescribe medicines if you get skin reactions. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you develop any of these signs of a new or worsening skin reaction:

- Target lesions (skin reactions that look like rings)
- Rash or itching that continues to get worse
- Blistering or peeling of the skin
- Painful sores or ulcers in mouth or nose, throat, or genital area
- Fever or flu-like symptoms
- Swollen lymph nodes

See **"What are the possible side effects of PADCEV?"** for more information about side effects.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and read the Patient Information here for more information, including risk of Serious Side Effects.

PADCEV®
enfortumab vedotin-ejfv
Injection for IV infusion 20 mg & 30 mg vials

Important Safety Information

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about PADCEV®?
PADCEV may cause serious side effects, including:

Skin reactions. Skin reactions including severe skin reactions have happened in people treated with PADCEV and may be more common when PADCEV is given with pembrolizumab. In some cases, these severe skin reactions have caused death. Most severe skin reactions occurred during the first cycle of treatment but may happen later. Your healthcare provider will monitor you, may stop your treatment with PADCEV completely or for a period of time (temporarily), may change your dose, and may prescribe medicines if you get skin reactions. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you develop any of these signs of a new or worsening skin reaction:

- Target lesions (skin reactions that look like rings)
- Rash or itching that continues to get worse
- Blistering or peeling of the skin
- Painful sores or ulcers in mouth or nose, throat, or genital area
- Fever or flu-like symptoms
- Swollen lymph nodes

See **"What are the possible side effects of PADCEV?"** for more information about side effects.

Before receiving PADCEV, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- Are currently experiencing numbness or tingling in your hands or feet.
- Have a history of high blood sugar or diabetes.
- Have liver problems.
- Are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. PADCEV can harm your unborn baby. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with PADCEV.
- Are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if PADCEV passes into your breast milk. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for 3 weeks after the last dose of PADCEV.

Females who are able to become pregnant:

- Your healthcare provider should do a pregnancy test before you start treatment with PADCEV.
- You should use an effective method of birth control during your treatment and for at least 2 months after the last dose of PADCEV.

Males with a female sexual partner who is able to become pregnant:

- If your female partner is pregnant, PADCEV can harm the unborn baby.
- You should use an effective method of birth control during your treatment and for at least 4 months after the last dose of PADCEV.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Taking PADCEV with certain other medicines may cause side effects.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and read the Patient Information here for more information, including risk of Serious Side Effects.

PADCEV®
enfortumab vedotin-ejfv
Injection for IV infusion 20 mg & 30 mg vials

Important Safety Information (cont'd)

What are the possible side effects of PADCEV®?

PADCEV may cause serious side effects, including:

- **Skin Reactions. See "What is the most important information I should know about PADCEV?"**

- **High blood sugar (hyperglycemia).** An increase in blood sugar is common during treatment with PADCEV. Severe high blood sugar, a serious condition called diabetic ketoacidosis, and death have happened in people with and without diabetes treated with PADCEV. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get any symptoms of high blood sugar, including: frequent urination, increased thirst, blurred vision, confusion, it becomes harder to control your blood sugar, drowsiness, loss of appetite, fruity smell on your breath, nausea, vomiting, or stomach pain.

- **Lung problems.** PADCEV may cause severe or life-threatening inflammation of the lungs that can lead to death. These severe problems may happen more often when PADCEV is given in combination with pembrolizumab. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get new or worsening symptoms, including trouble breathing, shortness of breath, or cough.

- **Nerve problems.** Nerve problems, called peripheral neuropathy, are common during treatment with PADCEV and can sometimes be severe. Nerve problems may happen more often when PADCEV is given in combination with pembrolizumab. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get new or worsening numbness or tingling in your hands or feet or muscle weakness.

- **Eye problems.** Certain eye problems are common during treatment with PADCEV. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get dry eyes, increased tearing, blurred vision, or any vision changes. You may use artificial tear substitutes to help prevent or treat dry eyes.

- **Leakage of PADCEV out of your vein into the tissues around your infusion site (extravasation).** If PADCEV leaks from the injection site or the vein into the nearby skin and tissues, it could cause an infusion site reaction. These reactions can happen right after you receive an infusion, but sometimes may happen days after your infusion. Tell your healthcare provider or get medical help right away if you notice any redness, swelling, itching, blistering, peeling skin or discomfort at the infusion site.

Your healthcare provider may decrease your dose of PADCEV, or temporarily or completely stop your treatment with PADCEV if you get severe side effects.

If your healthcare provider prescribes PADCEV in combination with the medicines pembrolizumab or pembrolizumab and berahyaluronidase alfa-pmph, also read the Medication Guide that comes with these medicines for additional important information.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and read the Patient Information here for more information, including risk of Serious Side Effects.

PADCEV®
enfortumab vedotin-ejfv
Injection for IV infusion 20 mg & 30 mg vials

Important Safety Information (cont'd)

The most common side effects of PADCEV when used in combination with pembrolizumab include:

- Changes in liver function and kidney function tests
- Rash
- Increased sugar (glucose) in the blood
- Numbness or tingling in your hands or feet
- Increased lipase (a test done to check your pancreas)
- Decreased white blood cell, red blood cell, and platelet counts
- Tiredness
- Decreased sodium, phosphate, and protein (albumin) in the blood
- Itching
- Diarrhea
- Hair loss
- Decreased weight
- Decreased appetite
- Increased uric acid in the blood
- Increased or decreased potassium
- Dry eye
- Nausea
- Constipation
- Change in sense of taste
- Urinary tract infection

The most common side effects of PADCEV when used alone include:

- Increased sugar (glucose) in the blood
- Changes in liver and kidney function tests
- Decreased white blood cell, red blood cell, and platelet counts
- Rash
- Tiredness
- Numbness or tingling in your hands or feet
- Decreased protein (albumin), sodium, and phosphate in the blood
- Hair loss
- Decreased appetite
- Diarrhea
- Nausea
- Itching
- Increased uric acid in the blood
- Dry eye
- Change in sense of taste
- Constipation
- Increased lipase (a blood test done to check your pancreas)
- Decreased weight
- Stomach (abdominal) pain
- Dry skin

PADCEV may cause fertility problems in females and males, which may affect the ability to have children. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have concerns about fertility.

These are not all the possible side effects of PADCEV.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or **www.fda.gov/medwatch**.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and read the Patient Information here for more information, including risk of Serious Side Effects.

PADCEV®
enfortumab vedotin-ejfv
Injection for IV infusion 20 mg & 30 mg vials

You play an active role during your treatment with PADCEV®

Discuss side effects with your healthcare team early and often

Side effects may occur at any time during treatment with PADCEV. Your healthcare team is there to help you during your treatment and relies on you to tell them about any new or worsening symptoms as soon as they occur. Your healthcare provider **may decrease your dose of PADCEV, or temporarily or completely stop your treatment** with PADCEV if you have side effects.

Dose modifications were common in the clinical studies of PADCEV and were an important way to treat side effects.

Each visit with your healthcare team is a chance for you to share how you are feeling

- Tell your healthcare team exactly what your side effects are
- Describe how your side effects feel
- Show your healthcare team where your side effects are
- Explain how long you have been experiencing your side effects
- Mention if the side effects change your daily routines

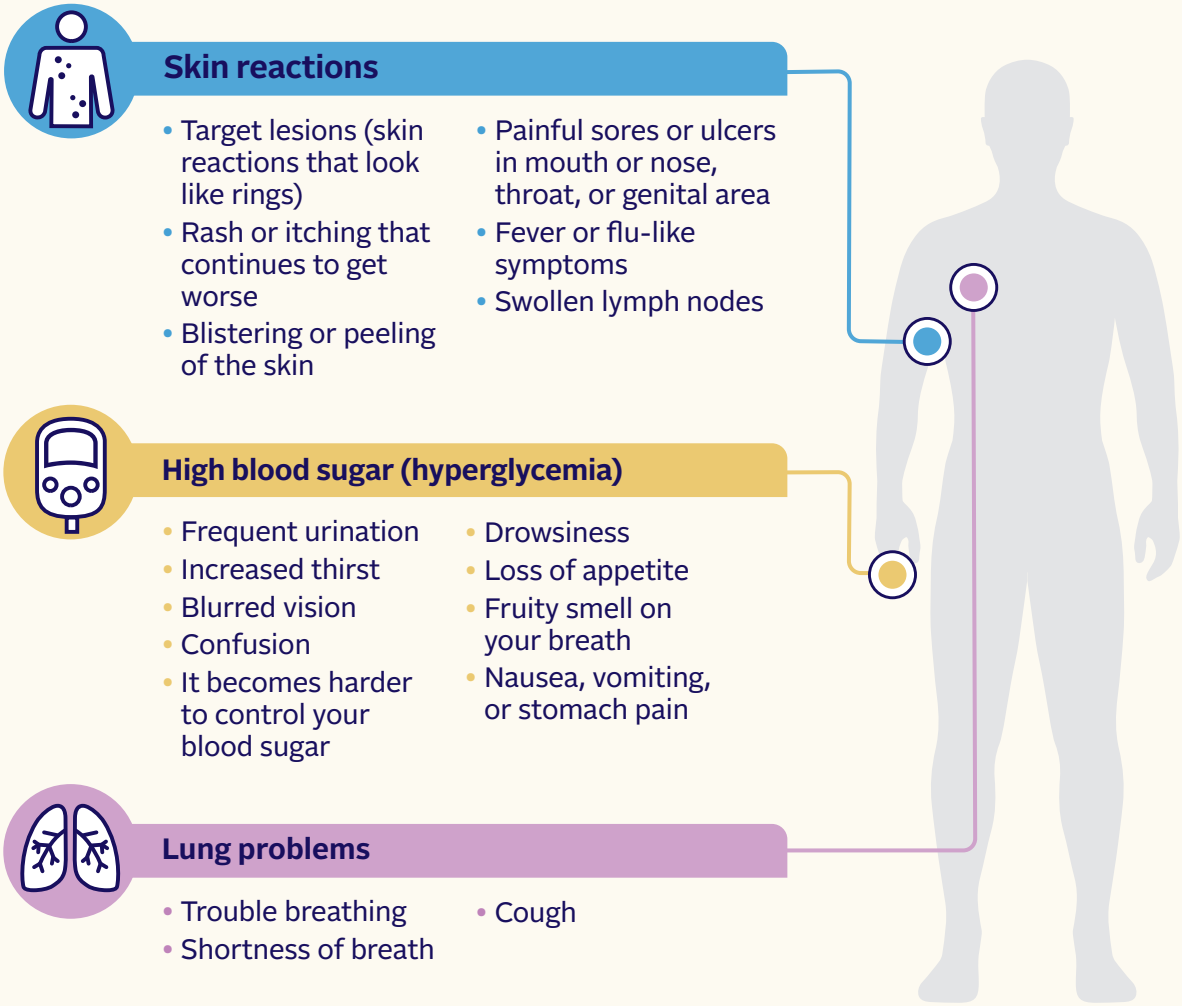
If you experience side effects, your healthcare team may recommend treatment strategies, such as dose modifications, dose interruptions, dose discontinuation, additional medications, referral to specialists, lifestyle changes, or other therapies.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and read the Patient Information here for more information, including risk of Serious Side Effects.

PADCEV®
enfortumab vedotin-ejfv
Injection for IV infusion 20 mg & 30 mg vials

Possible side effects

During treatment with PADCEV®, either alone or in combination with pembrolizumab (also known as Keytruda®), you may experience certain side effects. **The diagrams on pages 6 and 7 show some of the most serious side effects that may be commonly experienced by people taking PADCEV alone or in combination with pembrolizumab. If you experience any new or worsening symptoms, including the side effects shown below, you can record them in the weekly symptom tracker (page 9) and share them with your healthcare team.**



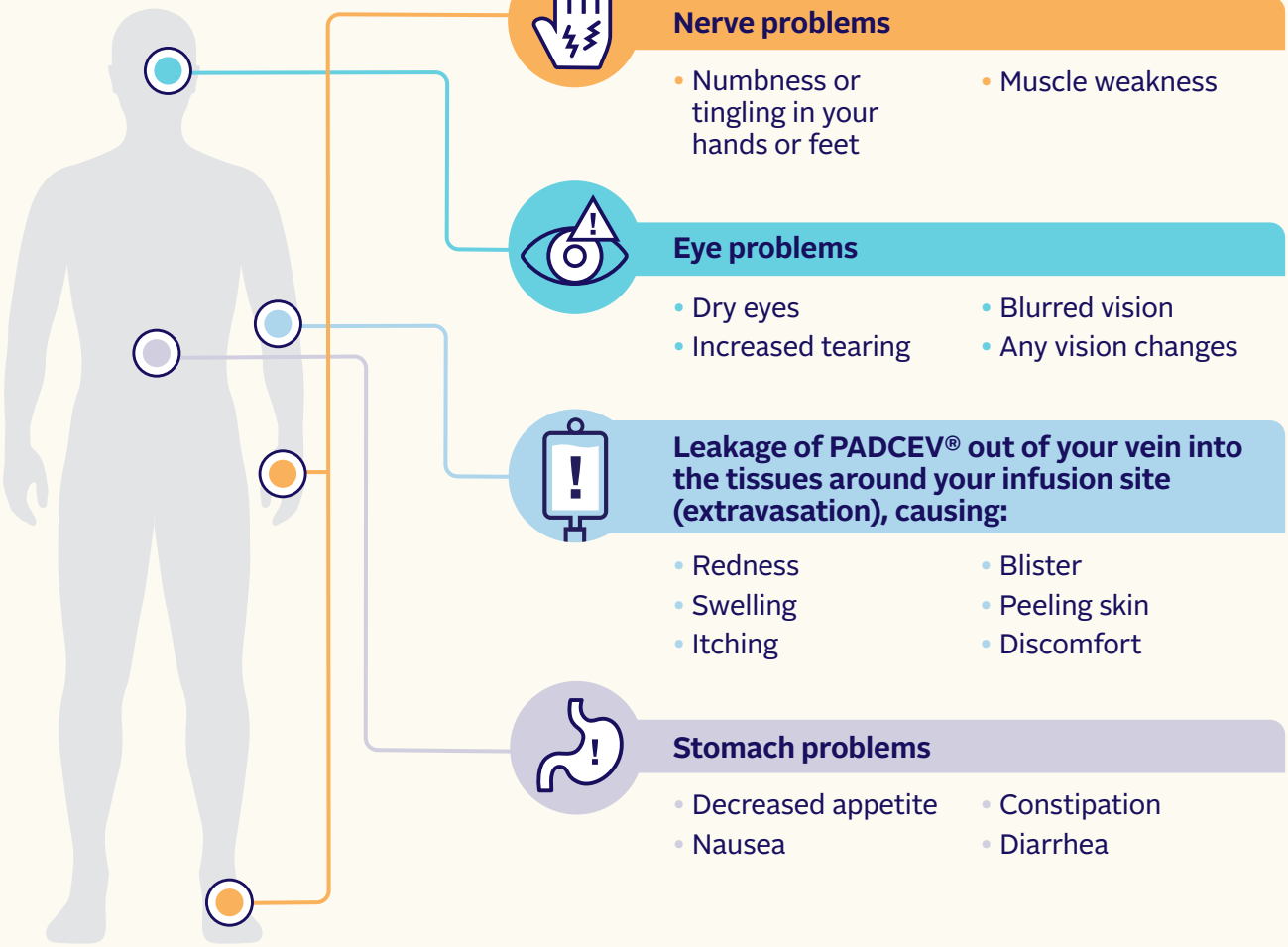
Go to page 7 for additional symptoms and side effects.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and read the Patient Information here for more information, including risk of Serious Side Effects.

PADCEV®
enfortumab vedotin-ejfv
Injection for IV infusion 20 mg & 30 mg vials

Possible side effects (cont'd)

Please be aware that you may experience side effects not listed on pages 6 and 7. It is important to immediately share any new or worsening symptoms with your healthcare team. Do not try to manage side effects on your own. Your healthcare team will work with you to develop an appropriate treatment plan for you.



Nerve problems

- Numbness or tingling in your hands or feet
- Muscle weakness

Eye problems

- Dry eyes
- Increased tearing
- Blurred vision
- Any vision changes

Leakage of PADCEV® out of your vein into the tissues around your infusion site (extravasation), causing:

- Redness
- Swelling
- Itching
- Blister
- Peeling skin
- Discomfort

Stomach problems

- Decreased appetite
- Nausea
- Constipation
- Diarrhea

Please be aware that you may experience additional side effects not listed here. Reporting any and all side effects you experience will help your healthcare team develop an appropriate treatment plan for you.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and read the Patient Information here for more information, including risk of Serious Side Effects.

PADCEV®
enfortumab vedotin-ejfv
Injection for IV infusion 20 mg & 30 mg vials

Tracking your symptoms

It is important to keep your healthcare team aware of how you are feeling immediately. The sooner you let your healthcare team know about new or worsening symptoms, the more they may be able to help you. You can use the table on the next page to track any symptoms you experience during treatment, along with their severity. You may also find it helpful to take photos of any changes in your symptoms to share with your healthcare team.

Notes

Tracking your symptoms (cont'd)

Each day you experience a symptom, describe the symptom below and fill in the circle that represents how much it affected your day.

Week of: _____

	List the symptoms that you are experiencing below	1 2 3 4 5
SUN		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
MON		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
TUE		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
WED		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
THU		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
FRI		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
SAT		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○
		○ ○ ○ ○ ○

Click here to download additional printable copies weekly to track and share any new or worsening symptoms with your healthcare team

For more information about PADCEV®, please visit
PADCEV.com/advanced-bladder-cancer
or call 1-888-4PADCEV (1-888-472-3238)

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and read the Patient Information here for more information, including risk of Serious Side Effects.

Visit PADCEV.com/advanced-bladder-cancer/resources and find tools to help support you during treatment with PADCEV

astellas

Pfizer Oncology

© 2026 Astellas Pharma Inc. or its affiliates and Pfizer Inc. All rights reserved.
MAT-US-PAD-2026-00842 08/26
Keytruda® is a registered trademark of Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp., a subsidiary of Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, USA.
All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

PADCEV®
enfortumab vedotin-ejfv
Injection for IV infusion 20 mg & 30 mg vials